







Suicide Prevention in the Department of Defense

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Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense
(Health Affairs)





Flight Plan

- Suicide Prevention Programs in DoD
 - Service branch Suicide Prevention Programs
 - Suicide Prevention Program Elements
- Examples of Supportive Programming
 - E.g., Leaders' Guides for Personnel in Distress
 - Integrated Delivery of MH Prevention Services
 - MilitaryOneSource
- Wrap-Around Deployment-related Assessmts
 - In-Theater Mental Health Support
 - Pre- and Post-Deployment Health Assessments

Suicide Prevention Programs in the Department of Defense

- Each Service Branch Has a Suicide Prevention Program & Program Manager
 - Program within the Personnel System
 - Army
 - Navy
 - Marines
 - Program within the Medical System
 - Air Force
- Department of Homeland Defense
 - U.S. Coast Guard parallel Prevention Program

AFSPP Home

Air Force Suicide Prevention Program



Welcome to the Air Force Suicide Prevention Program (AFSPP) Website. This site is designed to provide information and tools to members of the Air Force community (Suicide Prevention Program Managers, commanders, gatekeepers, IDS members, etc.) in their efforts to help reduce Air Force suicides. Reducing suicide requires a community effort and we welcome your visit to our site.



Getting Started

AFSPP Overview

Products

Policy and Guidance

Resources

Press









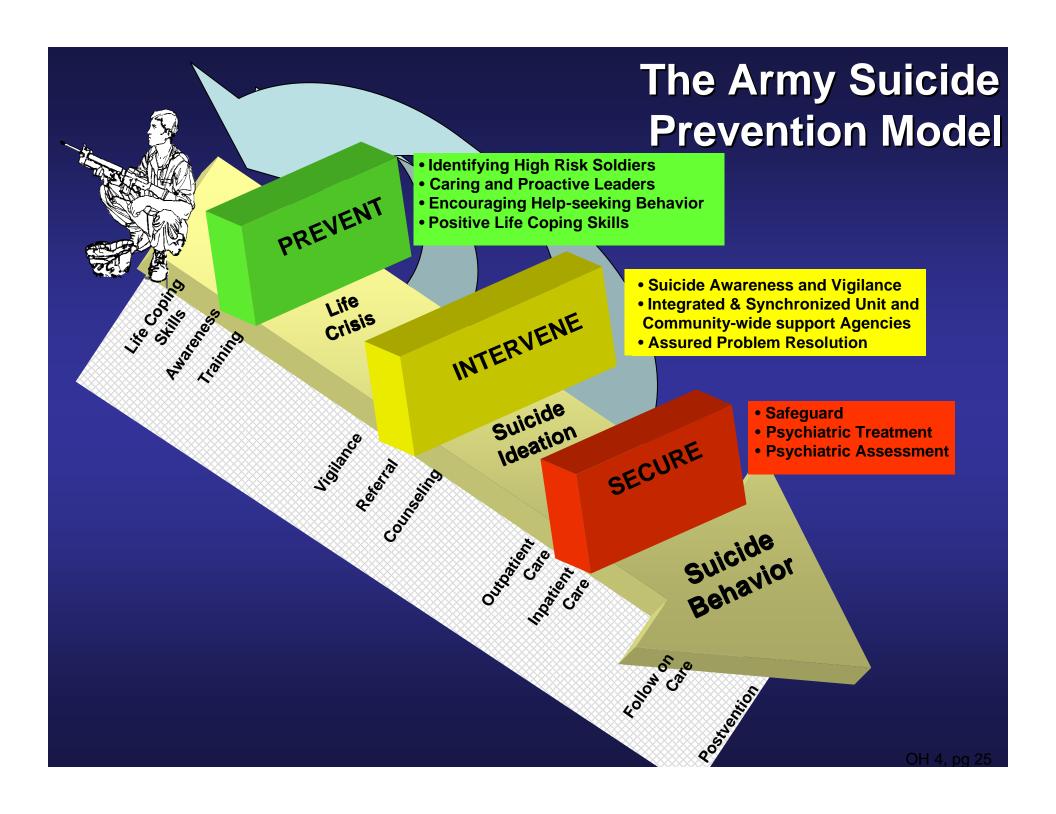
Sitemap

FAOs



Wew to Products! Suicide and Violence Instructor Training: AFSPP Training Course PPT & AFSPP Instructor Agreement

Health and Human Services' "Best Practice Initiative"



Suicide Risk Factors

Key Risk Factors

- Depression
- Substance Abuse
- Talk or hints of suicide intent
- Previous suicide attempt

Other Risk Factors

- Preoccupation with death
- Giving away possessions
- Relationship difficulties
- Impulsive anger behavior
- Legal or financial trouble
- Isolation or withdrawal
- Work performance

Suicide



The second leading cause of death in the Marine Corps and the Navy.



What to do?

AID LIFE

Ask - Don't be afraid to ask

Intervene immediately

Don't keep it a secret

Locate help

Watch/duty, doctor, nurse, corpsman, chaplain, friend, family, hospital

Inform

Chain of Command of situation

Find

Someone to stay with the person Don't leave the person alone!

Expedite

Get help immediately! A suicidal person needs immediate attention!

Navy Environmental Health Center





Force Health Protection

Home

Index

Directorates

Field Activities Special Interest

Ensure Navy and Marine Corps readiness through leadership in prevention of disease and promotion of health



HEALTH TOPICS

SUICIDE PREVENTION HOME PAGE



 Alcohol & Drug Abuse Prevention My Personal Health Health Educators/Coordinators/Instructors

Providers

- ☑ Clinical Practice
 Guidelines
- ☑ Clinical Preventive Services
- ☑ Clinical Epidemiology
- ☑ Crews Into Shape
- Injury Prevention
- **▶** Nutrition
- Physical Fitness
- Post Deployment
- Periodic Health Assessment
- Sexual Health & Responsibility (SHARP)







My Personal Health

Health Educators/Coordinators /Instructors

Providers

Suicide Prevention Taking Action Saving Lives

Suicide has been the #2 or #3 leading cause of death among both Sailors and Marines during the past decade. The tragic loss exacts a heavy toll on the family, friends, unit and command left behind. Efforts to recognize and understand the risk and protective factors, to know how to help, and to effectively intervene are goals of a comprehensive command and public health suicide prevention program. For additional information and resources contact SST@nehc.mar.med.navy.mil or visit our Website.

1-800-784-2433 Suicide Prevention Hotline

Confidential Mental Health Screening

About Us | Health Topics | Training | Products & Publications | Health Promotion Award | NEHC Home | Health Promotion HomePage

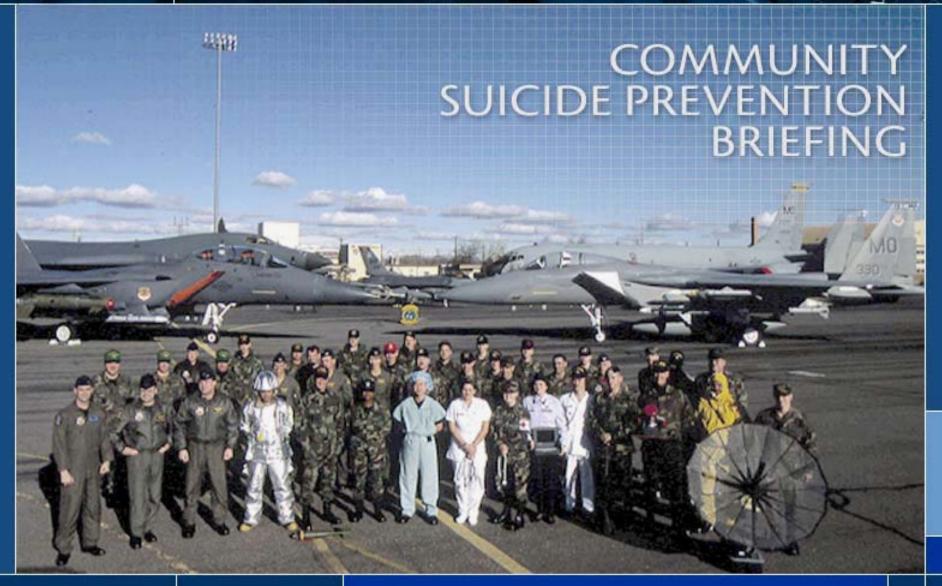
Elements of Suicide Prevention

- Leadership Involvement
- Addressing Suicide through Professional Military Education
- Guidelines for Commanders
 - Use of MH Services
- Community Preventive Services
- Community Education and Training

Elements of Suicide Prevention

- Investigative Interview Policy
 - (Hand-off Policy)
- Psychological 1st Aid after Traumatic Events
- Integrated Delivery System Prev. Services
- Limited Patient Privilege
- Behavioral Health Survey
- Epidemiological Database and Surveillance System









Suicide Prevention and Risk Reduction Committee (SPARRC)

- DoD Level Suicide Prevention
 - Monthly meeting sponsored by Health Affairs
 - Suicide Prevention Managers
 - DoD Mental Health Leaders
 - Coordinate initiatives and share resources
 - Host Annual DoD Suicide Prevention Conf.
 - Leading academic & military MH leaders
 - Integrates theory with military applications
- Suicide Rate Standardization Work Group

Health Affairs Home

MHS Information

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Affairs

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Provider Information

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In the News

MHS Strategic Plan

Smallpox

Budget Information



February 6-9, 2006 Seminole Hard Rock Hotel & Casino, Hollywood, FL



The Annual Military Suicide Prevention Conference will be held at the Seminole Hard Rock Hotel and Casino on February 6 - 9, 2006. This conference will provide updates on current suicide prevention initiatives, statistics, research, and specific Services' programs (including instructions, policies and resources) and those in the civilian community. In addition, there will be a half-day course on performing psychological autopsies. Attendees will be able to return to their installations with up-to-date information, and be prepared to implement and manage the programs required. February 6 will consist of a General Session with quest speakers. The Service Specific Breakouts, open for all to attend, will take place the morning of February 7, with a multi-Service panel discussion afterwards, and then the continuation of the General Session. The morning of February 9 will consist of the Psychological Autopsy workshop and discussion of conducting mortality investigations. The entire conference will conclude at 1300 on February 9th.

This conference is being held for all branches of Service. Attendees will consist of Suicide Prevention Program. Managers, Behavioral Health Professionals, Counselors, Chaplains and Chaplain Assistants, Unit Suicide Prevention Officers, Members of installation Suicide Prevention Committees, Health Promotion Professionals, Substance Abuse Professionals, Command and unit leaders involved in suicide prevention, and Public Affairs Professionals. Those in other fields are welcome to attend, and the media is also welcome.

Conference Registration:

CONFERENCE REGISTRATION CLOSED: In order to ensure adequate meeting space and supplies for all attendees, conference registration is now closed. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact Ms. Severine Bennett at Severine.Bennett@lmco.com.

Risk Factors for Suicide in Military

- Same at home or deployed
- Problems with:
 - Intimate relationships
 - The law
 - Finances
 - Mental health
 - Job performance
 - Alcohol or other substance use

Protective Factors

A sense of social support

Effective coping skills

 Policies and norms that encourage effective help-seeking behaviors

Suicide Rates

Civilian rates

DoD Rates

Examples of Supportive Programming

- Family Support Programs
- Family Advocacy Program
- Health and Wellness Centers
- Physical Fitness Centers
- Chaplains
- Morale and Welfare Programs
 - Hobbies, crafts, auto shops, theaters, concerts
- New Parent Support Programs



- Home
- AF/CVA Memo
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leader's Guide For Managing Personnel in Distress



Welcome to the United States Air Force Leader's Guide for Managing Personnel in Distress

> This guide is UNCLASSIFIED and For Official Use Only (FOUO).

Leader's Guide Overview

- Designed to help leaders
 - Recognize and respond to distress
 - Active duty and civilian unit members
- Guide development
 - 24 month project
 - Working group: Commanders, First Shirts, IDS members, program managers (Family Advocacy; Suicide Prevention; Alcohol/Drug), MAJCOM Behavioral Health Consultants, AF Safety, civilian experts, content experts throughout AF
 - Involvement of over 100 individuals

Organization

- CD, 35 areas of distress
- Each topic
 - Overview
 - Relevant policy
 - Suggested resources
 - References
- Checklist
 - Scenarios
 - Behaviors/signs
 - General support actions

Topics

- Alcohol and drug abuse
- Anxiety
- Civilian personnel
- Critical incidents/unit death/pre-exposure prep
- Depression
- Domestic violence and family maltreatment
- Suicidal behaviors
- Work related violence
- Work related stressors
- New assignment/PCS

Topics, Cont.

- Special family needs
- Legal problems
- Medical problems
- Sexual assault and rape
- Sexual harassment/stalked
- Physical assault
- Automobile accident
- Robbery/burglary/crime victim
- Relationship/marital problems
- Death of someone close

Topics continued

- Fire/destruction of property
- Financial pressures
- Separation/retirement
- Support during administrative separation
- CDEs/profiles/medical boards
- Psychiatric hospitalization
- Following personnel in distress
- IDS & other community organizations/resources
- Deployment and operational stressors
- Homeland security and distress

Topics continued

- Unintentional injury and safety
- Work performance problems
- Natural helpers-B.A.S.I.C. peer support
- Self care in distress prevention
- Leadership in action strategies for distress prevention and management
- Deployments

Example: Suicide

- . Overview
 - Identifying Individuals at Risk
 - Ways to Respond
 - Intervening When Immediate Help is Required
 - What Leaders Can Expect From Mental Health
 - Suicide of a Unit Member
- II. Relevant Policy
- III. Suggested Resources
- IV. References

A member displays behaviors suggestive of risk for suicide

SPECIFIC SITUATIONS	BEHAVIORISIGNS	GENERAL SUPPORTIVE ACTIONS
A member displays behaviors suggestive of risk for suicide	 Comments that suggest thoughts of suicide 	Ask "How are you doing?" "Is there anything I can do to help?"
	☐ Giving away possessions	Inquire directly about whether he or
	 Uncharacteristic risk taking (e.g., reckless driving) 	she is considering suicide ("Have you had thoughts about wanting to harm or kill yourself?")
	Appearing overwhelmed by recent stressor(s)	☐ Keep them safedo not leave them alone
	 Displaying significant change in mood 	☐ Take steps to remove potential means of self-harm including firearms,
	 Displaying poor impulse control 	pills, knives, and ropes
	 Significant change in workplace performance 	☐ If suicidal thoughts are present, encourage voluntary evaluation at
	☐ Seeing situation as hopeless	LSSC immediately. Escort person to LSSC. Verify with LSSC that
	 Obsessing about death, dying, 	member was evaluated.
	etc	☐ If member declined to self-refer.
	Making amends or challenging people in an aggressive manner	initiate an emergency Commander Directed Evaluation
	 Acquiring a method for suicide (e.g., buying a handgun) 	Involve the Security Forces if agitated or combative
	☐ Rehearsing suicidal acts	☐ If you need answers to specific questions in order to make a decision i.e., appropriateness for certain duties or retention in the Air Force, request a commander directed evaluation
		☐ If hospitalization is required, inquire with LSSC about what assistance is needed (e.g., arranging for child care

or pet care)

SPECIFIC SITUATIONS	BEHAVIOR/SIGNS	TAILORED SUPPORT
Behavioral health provider informs you that the member is at increased risk for suicide, but member refuses treatment and does not meet criteria for involuntary hospitalization	☐ Same as above	☐ Communicate a personal desire to see the member return to well-being and to full functioning as soon as possible
		□ Express concern and encourage professional help-seeking
		☐ Inquire as to whether the individual has at least one source of support. If needed, try to find an acceptable support person, such as the chaplain or peer
		□ Inquire about barriers of seeking help at LSSC
		☐ Remove from duties involving access to weapons, poisons, etc.
		□ Collaborate with LSSC to develop plan to monitor risk and provide support. Frequent follow-up will be important
		☐ Take steps to limit access to personal firearms, medications, or other potential means of suicide (work with the member and consult with family members, roommates, etc). Consult with SJA and Security Forces

The member is under suspicion or investigation for a UCMJ violation and shows evidence of suicidality	 □ Talking about suicide □ Depressed mood or agitation worsens □ Increasing hopelessness 	 □ Consider LPSP program □ Discuss the nature of the protections with the member
The member is in treatment at LSSC but condition is worsening	 □ Increasingly impaired work performance □ Depressed mood or agitation worsens □ Increasing social isolation □ Worsening personal appearance □ Bizarre or unusual behavior □ Talking of suicide □ Noticeable change or decline after a period of stability 	 Collaborate with LSSC to develop plan to monitor risk and provide support Take steps to limit access to personal firearms, medications or other potential means of suicide (work with the member and consult with family members, roommates, etc). Consult with SJA and Security Forces. Communicate a personal desire to see the member return to well-being and to full functioning as soon as possible



SITE MANAGEMENT

- **≥** Glossary
- Site Recognition

LEADERS

▶ Life Challenges For Leaders

DEPLOYMENT

- Pre-Deployment Concerns
- Deployment Concerns
- Combat and Operational Stress Reactions
- Post Deployment Concerns

MEDICAL

- Medical Treatment Problems
- Limited Duty/Medical Boards

Purpose of the Navy Leader's Guide

The purpose of the Navy Leader's Guide for Managing Personnel in Distress is to help Leaders at all levels (Commanding Officers, Command Master Chiefs, Department Heads, Division Officers, Chiefs) recognize distress related behaviors, provide support to Sailors within the unit, and collaborate with helping agencies to meet the needs of individuals in distress. The guide aims to assist leaders in the decision-making process by describing a broad range of supportive interventions, resources, and strategies for supporting Sailors in distress. It also provides guidance on effective communications with Navy helping personnel.

The Guide is focused on assisting Leaders employ awareness and intervention strategies **before** a Sailor has reached the threshold of debilitating distress, as indicated by emotional difficulties, alcohol or substance abuse, violence or behaviorally linked accidents. It provides guidance to leaders on giving emotional and material support to individuals across the continuum of distress, from a healthy and prevention status, to severe distress.

Helping Sailors in Distress

When Sailors encounter life stressors, they are often able to cope by gathering support from friends, family, and coworkers. Leaders, however, are in a unique position to support personnel experiencing difficulties through personal interactions, unit policies, and coordination with base helping agencies. It is important to initiate support at the point when people are first experiencing mild or moderate levels of distress. This is preferable to waiting until they are in crisis.

Leadership Involvement is a Team Process

Commanding Officers, Command Master Chiefs, and Supervisors are key members of any prevention effort. Each has a tremendous opportunity to provide interventions early when non-medical interventions can have the greatest positive outcome for the Sailor and the unit. Good communication between leaders, helping agencies, and Sailors allows the team process to work well.

MENTAL HEALTH & SUBSTANCE ABUSE

- Alcohol & Drug
- Anxiety
- Command Directed Evaluation
- Depression
- Psychiatric
- Suicide

PERSONNEL & FAMILY

- Critical Incident
- Death of Unit Member
- Domestic Violence
- Legal Problems
- Marital Problems
- PCS
- Special Family Needs
- Separation/ Retirement
- Work Stress

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

- Sexual Assault
- Sexual Harassment/ Stalking

SAILOR SELF CARE

- Resiliency
- Self-Care
- Peer Helpers

agencies, and ballors allows the team process to work well.

Supporting Individuals in Distress is Vital to Force Health Protection

Force Health Protection addresses all health related threats affecting the Sailor's ability to accomplish the mission. A healthy and fit force is a necessary component for Force Health Protection.

- Distress prevention and management are key components of Force Heath Protection and addressing stressful life events early is an important facet.
- Stress prevention entails a broad range of efforts for supporting personnel when they face difficult life
 challenges, including addressing problems before distress occurs.
- Distress management focuses on helping the person moderate their reaction to difficult situations and includes efforts to help build resiliency.



LEADERS GUIDE FOR MANAGING MARINES IN DISTRESS



Deployment

Combat and Operational Stress

Deployment Cycle Issues

Family

Marital Problems

Domestic Abuse

Child Maltreatment

Exceptional Family Members

Personal

Financial Problems
Legal Problems
Retirement/Separations

Harassment

Sexual Harassment

Sexual Assault

Substance Use

Alcohol Use Drug Use

Emotional

Grief and Loss Suicidal Behavior Mental Health Problems

WELCOME

The Leaders Guide for Managing Marines in Distress is designed to provide guidance and tools to leaders on what to look for, what to do and specific resources for helping Marines who are in distress.

The Leaders Guide is a quick reference, designed to help leaders at all levels take care of Marines within the unit who are in distress because of their situation or behavior. It covers approximately 40 different problems Marines may face.

Problems that Marines face whether deployment related, financial or personal can all be detrimental not only to the readiness of the individual Marine,



but to the entire unit as well. These issues can occupy a great amount of the leaders time and personnel, and can have significant consequences for the command and the Marine if the issue is not quickly addressed and handled effectively.



Even the most motivated and well-trained Marines can find themselves in difficult situations. These situations, while infrequent, can weigh heavily on each Marines mind. Some Marines handle these problems well on their own, but others may not. These Marines will look to their leaders for guidance. The Leaders Guide provides the information and resources a leader needs to help their Marines overcome problems that have the

potential to become severely debilitating.

Reducing Stigma/High Confidentiality

- MilitaryOneSource
- Masters level counselors
- Augmented family support
- Online education, resources, and chat
- Email, phone, and face-to-face counseling
- Multiple languages
- Referral assistance

MILITARY ONESOURCE

Call us, 24 x 7 Stateside: 1-800-342-9647 For overseas dialing instructions, see "Contact Us" User ID

Password

Login

go.

Home

▶ Materials Request

▶ Contact Us

▶ Site Map → Site Help

How may we help you?

- Parenting & Child Care
- Personal & Family Readiness
- Education
- Midlife & Retirement
- Older Adults
- Disability
- Financial
- Legal
- Everyday Issues
- Work
- International
- Managing People
- Health
- Emotional Well-Being
- Addiction & Recovery

¿ Habla Espanol?

¿Necesita información en español?



Military OneSource.

Serving American troops and families.



08/25/05 LifeWorkshops

02:00PM EDT

School

Events

Moderated Chat

Transition to Middle

View Archives

This Month's Feature members and their families are

If there is one thing Service accustomed to, it is change...

more >

Department of Defense offers you access to Military OneSource Online, where you can find help to cope with life's little -- and not so little -- issues. Click on a topic of interest on the left, under the How May We Help You? heading, or use the key word search in the top right corner. You can access informative articles, helpful tools, audio tips on hundreds of specific topics, and much more.

Forgot your UserID/Password? Call: Stateside: 1-800-342-9647, or Overseas: 800-3429-6477 or Overseas Collect: 1-484-530-5908

WeeklyPoll

When your military spouse is deployed and a military pay problem arises you:

C Feel comfortable in dealing with the pay system and the problem



When a Co-Worker Returns to Work from Military Duty

Wave to Support a Co-Worker or Friend



- Video Tips
- Financial Calculators

Tools

- Child Care Locator
- Elder Care Finder

Show all



- Quick Quizzes
- Retire, Rewire, Renew?
- Planning Your Life After 50 What Help Does My Older
- Relative Need?
- ▶ How Healthy Are You?

Show all



go.

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Site Map → Site Help

How may ^{we}help you?

- Parenting & Child Care
- Personal & Family Readiness
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- Older Adults
- Disability
- Financial
- Legal
- Evervday Issues
- Work
- International
- Managing People
- Health
- Emotional Well-Being
- Addiction & Recovery

¿ Habla Espanol?

¿Necesita información. en español?

My Military One Source

▶ Sign Up

Home > Emotional Well-Being



Military OneSource Online provides you with useful information and resources to help you balance your work and family life. Please select an issue from the list below.

If you would like to talk to a Military OneSource consultant for assistance with issues related to Emotional Well-Being, you can call Stateside: 1-800-342-9647, or Overseas: 800-3429-6477, or Overseas Collect: 1-484-530-5908, anytime 24/7. This service is provided by your organization and is completely confidential, TTY/TDD access is available 800-346-9188.

View Resources On:

Mental Health

ADD and ADHD, Anger Management, Anxiety Depression , Eating Disorders, Mood Disorders, Other Mental Health Issues, Personality Disorders

Relationships

Abuse and Neglect , Couples , Cross-Cultural Concerns . Divorce/Separation - Emotional Aspects , Family Relationships , Non-Family Relationships

Personal Issues

Balancing Work and Life, Coping with Illness, Grief and Loss, Personal Growth, Single Issues, Stress Management

Violence and Crisis

Natural Disaster , Sexual Assault , Suicide, Violence and Trauma



Moderated Chat

Transition to Middle School 02:00PM EDT

08/25/05

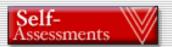


View Archives



- Video Tips
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- Child Care Locator
- Elder Care Finder

Show all



- Quick Quizzes
- Retire, Rewire, Renew?
- Planning Your Life After 50 What Help Does My Older
- Relative Need? How Healthy Are You?

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View Resources On:

- Deployment and Return Dealing with Deployment, Preparing for Deployment, Reservist Issues, Returning from Deployment
- Everyday Military Life Military Life , Military Protocol
- Military Families

 Dealing With Grief and Loss, Military
 Family Life, Military Spouses, Special
 Needs Family Members
- Severely Injured Service Members

Care and Benefits , Family Impacts , Physical Accommodations , Vocational Training/Rehabilitation

- Emergency Preparedness Emergency Preparedness
- Military Benefits
 Casualty Assistance, Military Benefits
- Military Relocation

 Adjusting to a New Community,

 Changing Schools, International

 Relocation, Preparing for Relocation,

 Spouse Employment
- Single Service Members Adjusting to Life on Your Own, Relationships and Friendships





Put the Pieces Together.
The Mental Health Self-Assessment Program

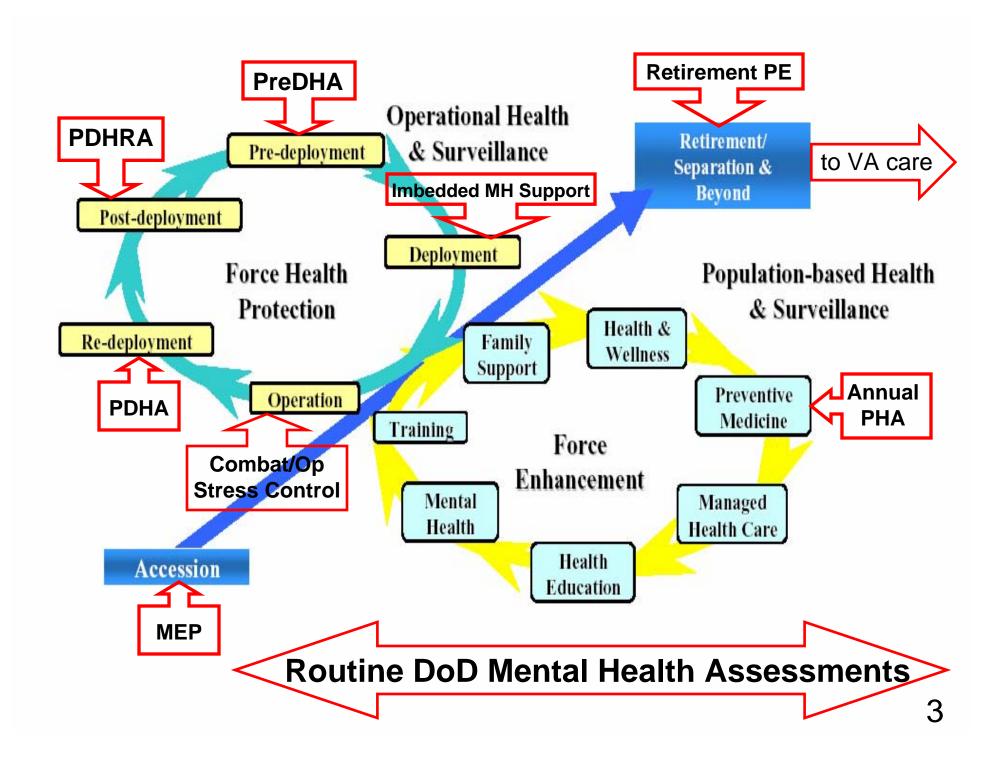
Welcome to the Mental Health Self-Assessment Program

Military life, especially deployments or mobilizations, can present challenges to service members and their families that are both unique and difficult. Some are manageable, some are not. Many times we can successfully deal with them on our own. In some instances matters get worse and one problem can trigger other more serious issues. At such times it is wise to check things out and see what is really happening. That's the purpose of these totally anonymous and voluntary self-assessments.

These questions are designed so you can review your situation with regard to some of the more common mental health issues. The screening will not provide a diagnosis – for that you need to see a professional. But, it will tell you whether or not you have symptoms that are consistent with a condition or concern that would benefit from further evaluation or treatment. It will also give you guidance as to where you might seek assistance.

Begin the Screening

Mental Health Support and the Deployment Cycle





Additional Slides

Pre-Deployment

- Pre-Deployment health assessment
 - An opportunity to access mental health care

Н	Health Assessment									
1.	Would you say your health i	n general is:		O Excellent	O Very Good	O Good	O Fair	Ó Poor		
2.	Do you have any medical or	dental problems?					O Yes	O No		
3.	Are you currently on a profile	e, or light duty, or a	are you undergoing a m	edical board?			O Yes	O No		
4.	Are you pregnant? (FEMALE	ES ONLY)			O Don'	t Know	O Yes	Ō No		
5.	5. Do you have a 90-day supply of your prescription medication or birth control pills?							Ō No		
6. Do you have two pairs of prescription glasses (if worn) and any other personal medical equipment? O N/A							O Yes	Q No		
7. During the past year, have you sought counseling or care for your mental health?								O No		
8. Do you currently have any questions or concerns about your health?							O Yes	O No		
	Please list your concerns:									
	Service Member Signature									
I	certify that responses on this	form are true.								
								Form 2795		

Post-Deployment Health Assessment

- A Global Assessment of
 - Health
 - Exposures
 - MH symptoms

14.	While	you	were	deployed,	were	you	exposed	to:
	imark -	all th	at app	M				

No	Sometimes	Often	
0	0	0	DEET insect repellent applied to skin
Ō	Ō	Ō	Pesticide-treated uniforms
0	0	0	Environmental pesticides (like area fogging)
0	0	0	Flea or tick collars
0	0	0	Pesticide strips
0	0	0	Smoke from oil fire
0	0	0	Smoke from burning trash or faces
0	0	0	Vehicle or truck exhaust fumes
0	0	0	Tent heater smoke
0	0	0	JP8 or other fuels
0	0	0	Fog oils (smoke screen)
0	0	0	Solvents
0	0	0	Paints
0	0	0	lonizing radiation
0	0	0	Radar/microwaves
0	0	0	Lasers
0	0	0	Loud noises
0	0	0	Excessive vibration
0	0	0	Industrial pollution
0	0	0	Sand/dust
0	0	0	Depleted Uranium (If yes, explain)
0	0	0	Other exposures

DD Form 2796

Post-Deployment <u>Global</u> Health Assessment Stress Related Items:

7.	Did you see anyone wounded, killed or dead during this deployment? (mark <u>all</u> that apply)	10.	Are you currently interested in receiving help for a stream emotional, alcohol or family problem?				
	O No O Yes - coalition O Yes - enemy O Yes - civilian	_	O	No C) Yes		
		11. Over the LAST 2 WEEKS, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems?					
8.	, , , ,		None	Some	A Lot		
	your weapon?		0	0	0	Little interest or pleasure in doing things	
	ONo OYes (Oland Osea Oair)		0	0	0	Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	
9.	During this deployment, did you ever feel that you were in great danger of being killed?		0	0	0	Thoughts that you would be better off dead or hurting yourself in some way	
	O No O Yes		DD Fo	rm 2796	;	33348	

Post-Deployment Global Health Assessment Stress-Related Items:

12.	Have you ever had any experience that was so frightening, horrible, or upsetting that, IN THE PAST MONTH, you				15. On how many days did you wear your MOPP over garments?			
	No Yes Have had any nightmares about it or thought about it when you did not want to?							
						mes did you put on		
	0	O	Tried hard not to think about it or went out of your way to avoid situations that remind you of it?		your gas mask because of alerts and NOT because of exercises?		No. of times	
	0	Ó	Were constantly on guard, watchful, or easily startled?					
	Felt numb or detached from others, activities, or your surroundings?		17.	•	or did you enter or closely litary vehicles?	losely inspect any		
					O No	O Yes		

13. Are you having thoughts or concerns that ...

No	Yes	Unsure	
0	0	0	You may have serious conflicts with your spouse, family members, or close friends?
0	0	0	You might hurt or lose control with someone?

18. Do you think you were exposed to any chemical, biological, or radiological warfare agents during this deployment?

O No O Don't know
O Yes, explain with date and location

Post-Deployment cont.

- Post-Deployment Briefings
 - For members, and for members & families
 - Transition from using combat skill-sets/responses
 - Specific training to recognize combat patterns
 - Coaching regarding how to re-adapt to home life
 - Family members advised re: potential symptoms
 - Educational materials
 - Use of support and clinical resources reviewed

Post-Deployment Re-Assessments

The DoD Checks for Delayed Problems

Post-Deployment Health <u>Re</u>-Assessment

- DoD Re-Assessments began Sep 2005
 - Assess members 3-6 months after return from deployment
 - Members who develop delayed PTSD symptoms have opportunity to review symptoms and get help, as needed
 - Briefed about resources available

Post-Deployment RE-ASSESSMENT DoD Form 2900

8.	Since return from your deployment, family members, close friends, or at	O No	O Unsure					
9.	Have you had any experience that was so frightening, horrible, or upsetting that, IN THE PAST MONTH, you							
	a. Have had any nightmares about	O Yes	O No					
	b. Tried hard not to think about it or	() Yes	O No					
	c. Were constantly on guard, watch	ıful, or easily startled			O Yes	O No		
	d. Felt numb or detached from other	ers, activities, or your surroundings			O Yes	O No		
10.	a. In the PAST MONTH, did you use	e alcohol more than you meant to?			() Yes	○ No		
	b. In the PAST MONTH, have you	elt that you wanted to or needed to o	cut down on your	drinking?	O Yes	O No		
11.	Over the PAST MONTH, have you i problems?	More than half the days	Nearly every day					
	a. Little interest or pleasure in doin	g things	0	0	0	O		
	b. Feeling down, depressed, or hop	peless	0	0	0	0		
12.	2. If you checked off any problems or concerns on this questionnaire, how difficult have these problems made it for you to do your work, take care of things at home, or get along with other people?							
	O Not difficult at all O Somewhat difficult O Very difficult O Extreme							
13.	Would you like to schedule a visit w	vith a healthcare provider to further d	iscuss your heal	th concern(s)?	O Yes	Ů No		
14.	Are you currently interested in rece concern?	O Yes	O No					
15.	Are you currently interested in rece	iving assistance for a family or relation	onship concern?		O Yes	O No		
16.	Would you like to schedule a visit w	O Yes	O No					